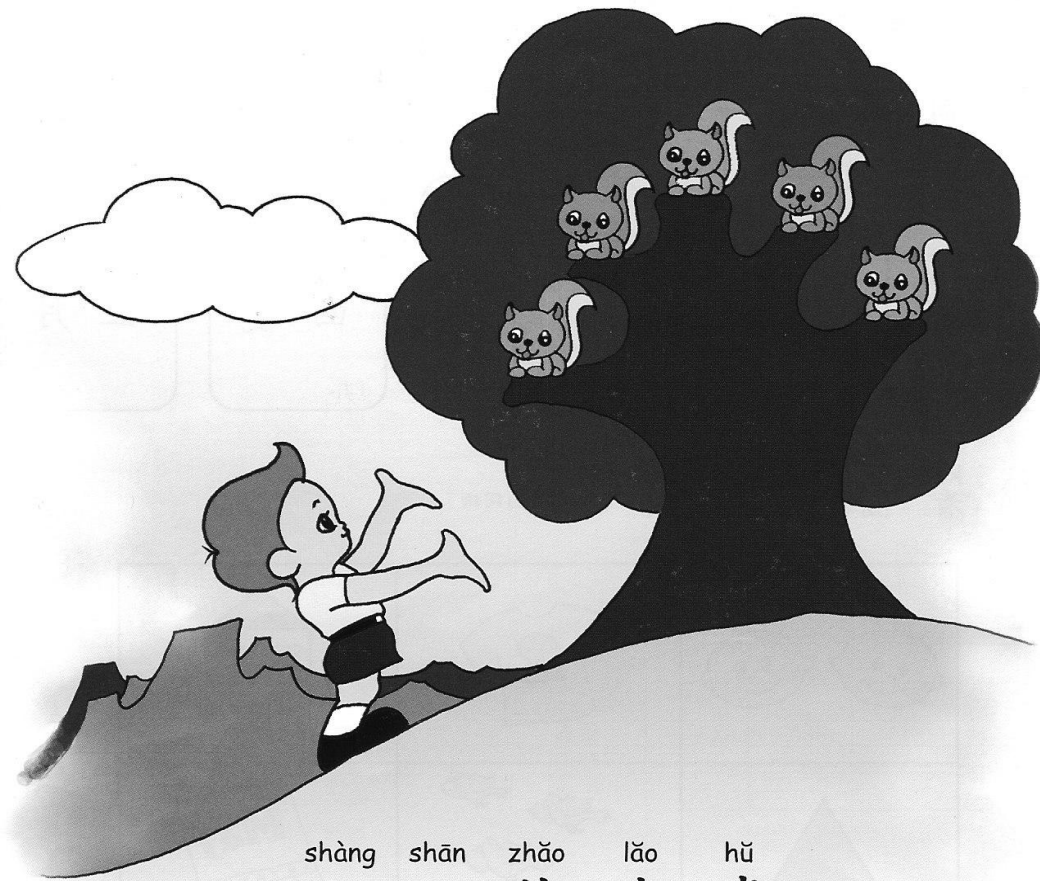


di yī kè
第一課 Lesson 1



shàng shān zhǎo lǎo hǔ
上山找老虎

yī	èr	sān	sì	wǔ	0↗,	shàng	shān	zhǎo	lǎo	hǔ	0↘,
一	二	三	四	五		上	山	找	老	虎	
lǎo	hǔ	zhǎo	bú	dào	↘,	kàn	jiàn	xiǎo	sōng	shǔ	0↘。
老	虎	找	不	到		看	見	小	松	鼠	
sōng	shǔ	yǒu	jǐ	zhī	0↗?	yī	èr	sān	sì	wǔ	0↘。
松	鼠	有	幾	隻		一	二	三	四	五	

Up the Mountain Looking for Tigers

One two three four five, up the mountain looking for tigers,
Can not find any tigers, do see little squirrels.
How many squirrels are there? One Two Three Four Five.

zì cí yì yì
字詞意義 Words and phrases meaning

1	shàng shān 上山	go up to the mountain	7	kàn jiàn 看見	see
2	shān shàng 山上	up on the mountain	8	xiǎo 小	small; little
3	zhǎo 找	looking for; find	9	sōng shǔ 松鼠	squirrel
4	lǎo hǔ 老虎	tiger	10	yǒu 有	has/have
5	bù 不	no; can not	11	zhī 隻	Measure word
6	zhǎo bú dào 找不到	Can not find	12	jǐ zhī 幾隻	how many

xiǎng yī xiǎng
想一想 Think About It

Why – shàng shān qù zuò shé me
上山去做什麼？ Why did you go up to the mountain?

What – zhǎo dào shé me
找到什麼？ What did you find?

Where – qù nǎ lǐ zhǎo lǎo hǔ
去哪裡找老虎？ Where are you going to find the tiger?

Where – qù nǎ lǐ zhǎo sōng shǔ
去哪裡找松鼠？ Where are you going to find the squirrels?

niàn yí niàn
唸一唸 Reading

zhǎo
找

zhǎo lǎo hǔ
找老虎。

shàng shān zhǎo lǎo hǔ
上山找老虎。

wǒ shàng shān zhǎo lǎo hǔ
我上山找老虎。

zhī
隻

jǐ zhī
幾隻？

yǒu jǐ zhī
有幾隻？

lǎo hǔ yǒu jǐ zhī
老虎有幾隻？

shān shàng lǎo hǔ yǒu jǐ zhī
山上老虎有幾隻？

jù xíng jié gòu
句型結構 Sentence structure

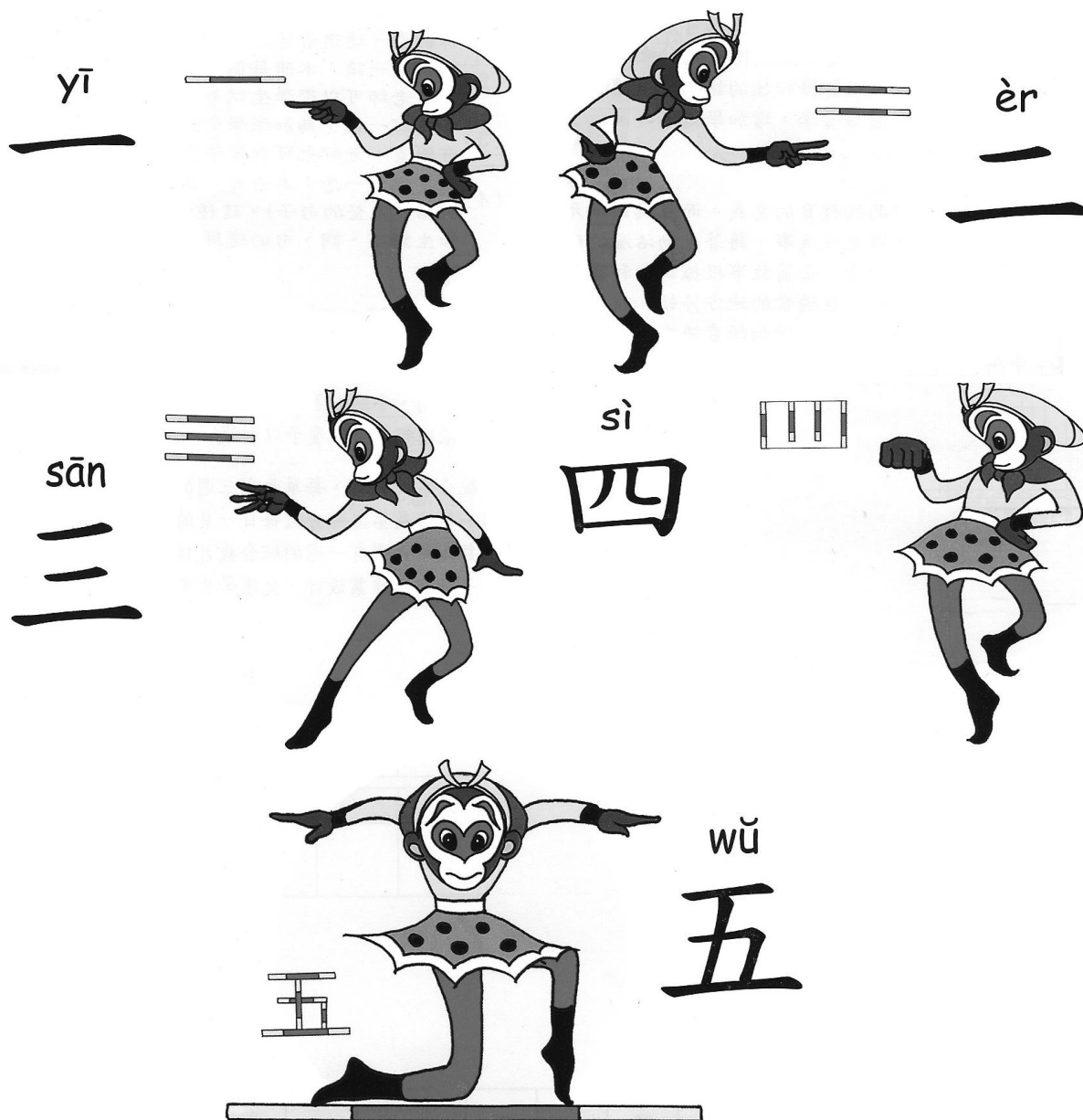
shàng shān zhǎo
…上山找…。

zhǎo bú dào
…找不到…。

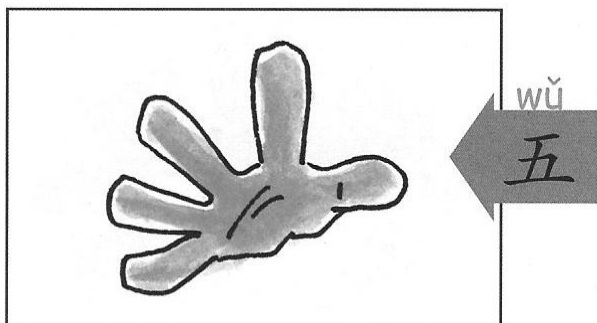
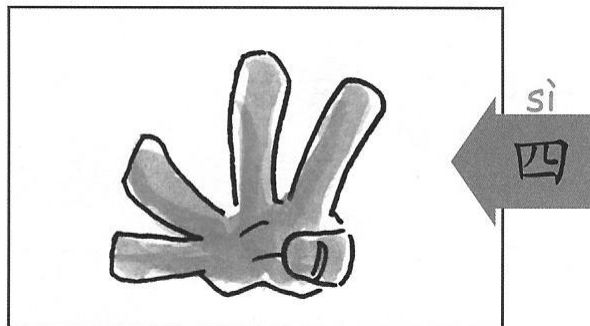
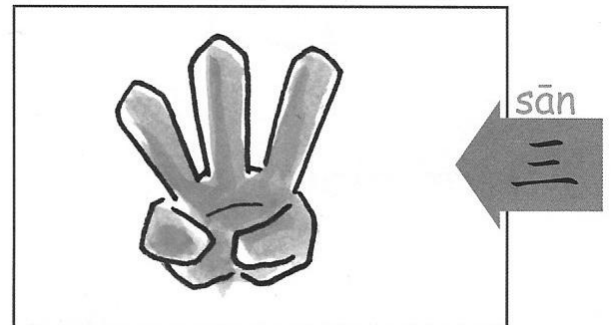
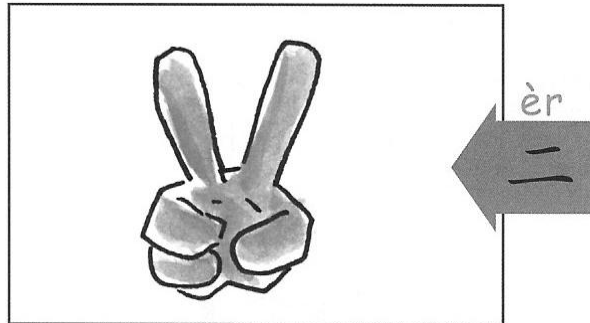
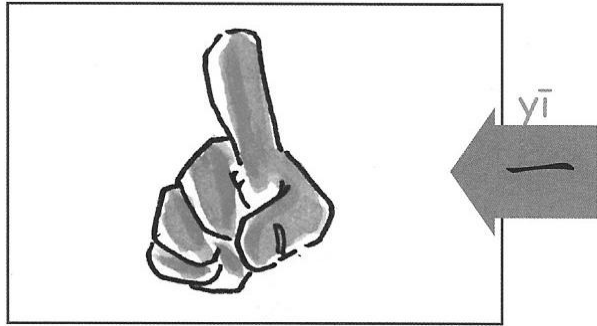
yǒu jǐ zhī
…有幾隻…？

shù mù
數目 Number

yī 一	èr 二	sān 三	sì 四	wǔ 五
1	2	3	4	5
one	two	three	four	five

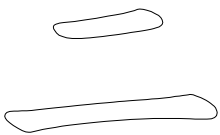
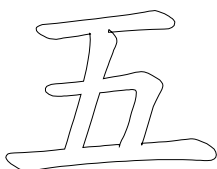
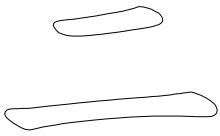
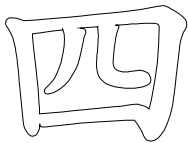
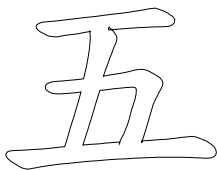
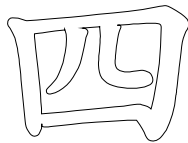


shǔ mǔ shǒu shì
數目手勢 Number Signs

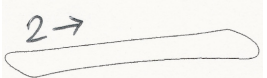
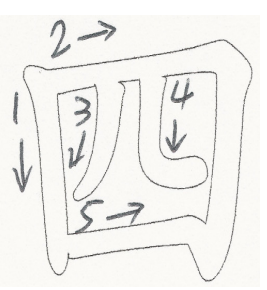
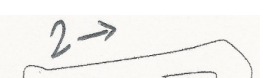
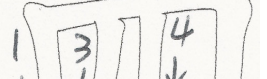
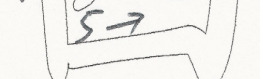
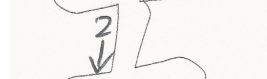


xiě yī xiě
寫一寫 Writing

Find and trace the stroke shown.

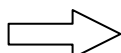
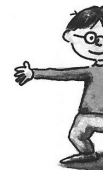
 héng	 héng zhé gōu	 shù	 piě
			
			

shù mù zì bǐ huà
數目字筆劃

	 	  	    	   
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pīn yīn liànxí xī yī
拼音練習[一]

Learn Chinese Phonetic Symbols



liànxí yī liànxí

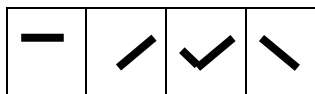
練一練 Pinyin practice 1

		—	／	✓	＼	
一	y <u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
二	<u>er</u>	<u>er</u>	<u>er</u>	<u>er</u>	<u>er</u>	<u>er</u>
三	s <u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>
四	s <u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>	<u>i</u>
五	w <u>u</u>	<u>u</u>	<u>u</u>	<u>u</u>	<u>u</u>	<u>u</u>

shēng diào fú hào xī yī

聲調符號[一]

Tone Marks



Write the correct phonetic symbols to indicate tone into the boxes.

1. 一 y

2. 二 er

3. 三 san

4. 四 s

5. 五 wu

數目詞卡 Number flashcard

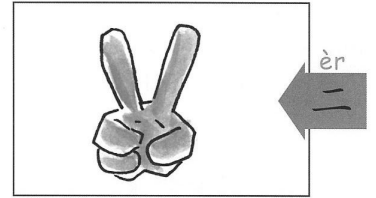
Cut out the flashcards and paste the on separate index cards, and then pastes their pin yin on the back.

Phrase	Pinyin
一	yī
二	èr
三	sān
四	sì
五	wǔ

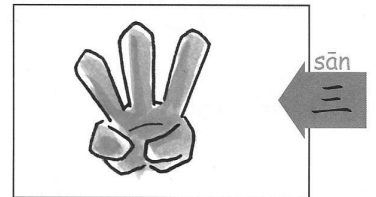
lián yī lián
連一連 Read and Match

Match the numbers with the correct signs by drawing a line to it.

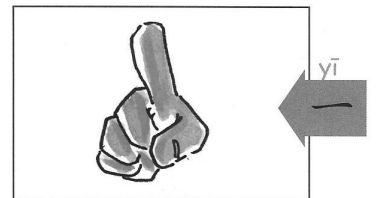
1. Four 4



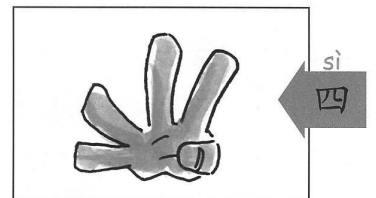
2. Two 2



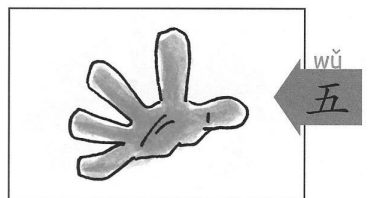
3. One 1



4. Five 5

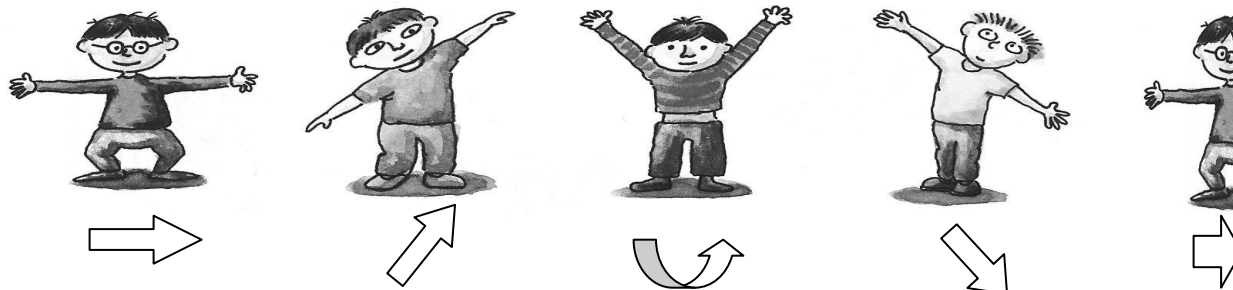


5. Three 3



pīn yīn liànxí [èr]
拼音練習[二]

Learn Chinese Phonetic Symbols

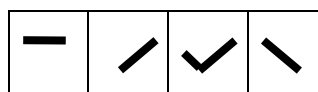


liànyī liànxí
練一練 Pinyin practice 2

		—	/	✓	\	
上	sh <u>ang</u>	<u>ang</u>	<u>ang</u>	<u>ang</u>	<u>ang</u>	<u>ang</u>
山	sh <u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>
找	zh <u>ao</u>	<u>ao</u>	<u>ao</u>	<u>ao</u>	<u>ao</u>	<u>ao</u>
看	k <u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>
見	Ji <u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>	<u>an</u>
有	y <u>ou</u>	<u>ou</u>	<u>ou</u>	<u>ou</u>	<u>ou</u>	<u>ou</u>

shēng diào fú hào [èr]
聲調符號[二]

Tone Marks



Write the correct phonetic symbols to indicate tone into the boxes.

1. 山 shan

2. 上 shang

3. 找 zhao

4. 看 kan

5. 見 jian

5. 有 you

niàn yí niàn

唸一唸 Reading

Read the passage out loud three times.

shàng shān zhǎo sōng shǔ

上山找松鼠

yī èr sān sì wǔ shàng shān zhǎo sōng shǔ

一 二 三 四 五，上山找松鼠。

sōng shǔ zhǎo bú dào zhǎo dào xiǎo lǎo hǔ

松鼠找不到，找到小老虎。

lǎo hǔ yǒu jǐ zhī yī èr sān sì wǔ

老虎有幾隻？一 二 三 四 五。

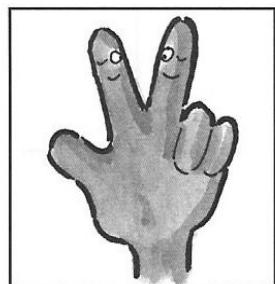
xiě yí xiě shù mù

寫一寫數目

Writing Chinese number

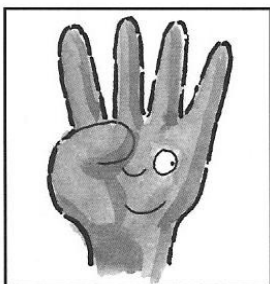
Write the Chinese number shown by the hand into the boxes.

①

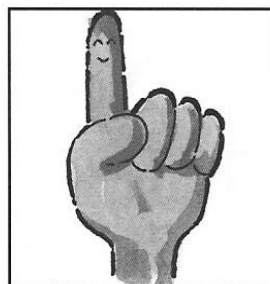


三

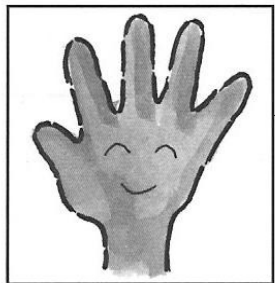
②



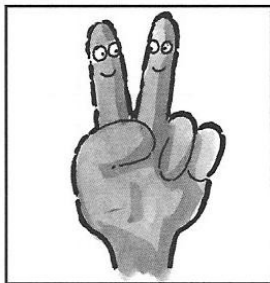
③



④



⑤



L1A ^{cí} ^{kǎ} 詞卡 Flashcard

Cut out the flashcards and paste them on separate index cards, and then paste their pin yin on the back.

Phrase	Pinyin
上山	shàng shān
山上	shān shàng
老虎	When two third tones are together, the first third tone will sound like a second tone. lǎo hǔ
找老虎	zhǎo lǎo hǔ

ci kǎ
L1B 詞卡 Flashcard

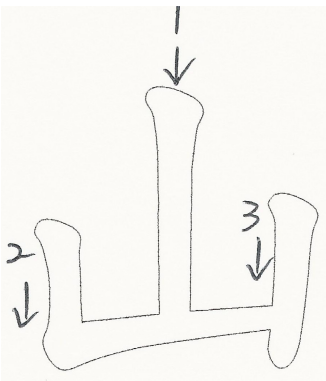
Cut out the flashcards and paste them on separate index cards, and then paste their pin yin on the back.

Phrase	Pinyin
找不到	zhǎo bú dào
看見	kàn jiàn
松鼠	sōng shǔ
有幾隻	When two third tones are together, the first third tone will sound like a second tone. yǒu jǐ zhī

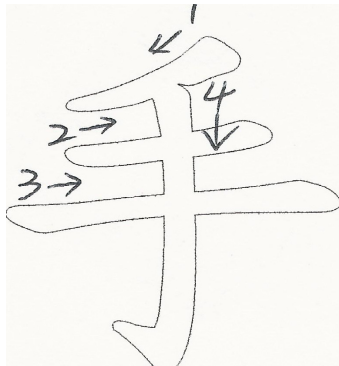
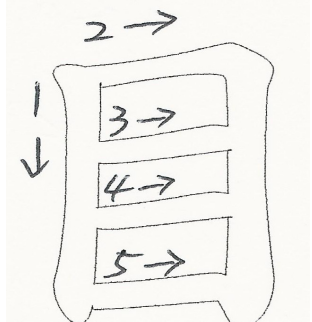
bù shǒu
部首 Radical

zì 字 word	shàng 上	shān 山	zhǎo 找	kàn 看	jiàn 見	yǒu 有
bù shǒu 部首 radical	yī 一 one	shān 山 mountain, hill	shǒu 手 hand	mù 目 eye	jiàn 見 see	yuè 月 moon, month

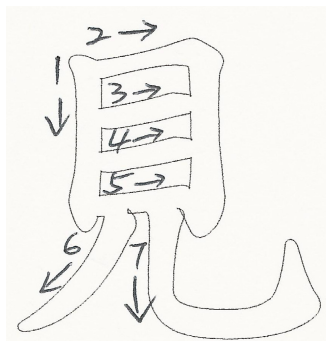
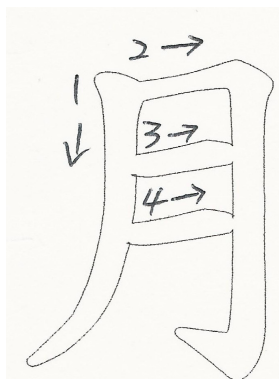
bù shǒu liàn xí
L1A 部首練習 Radical practice

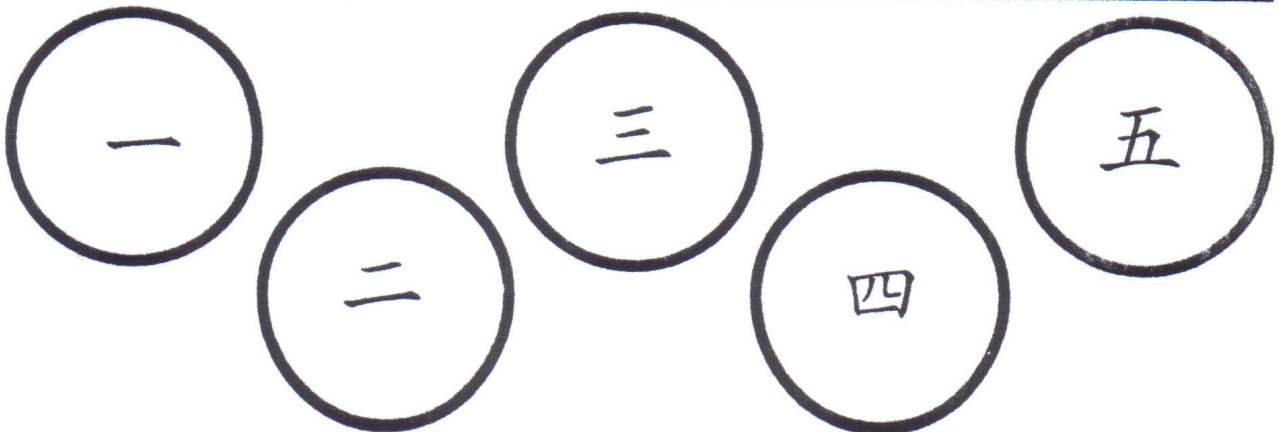
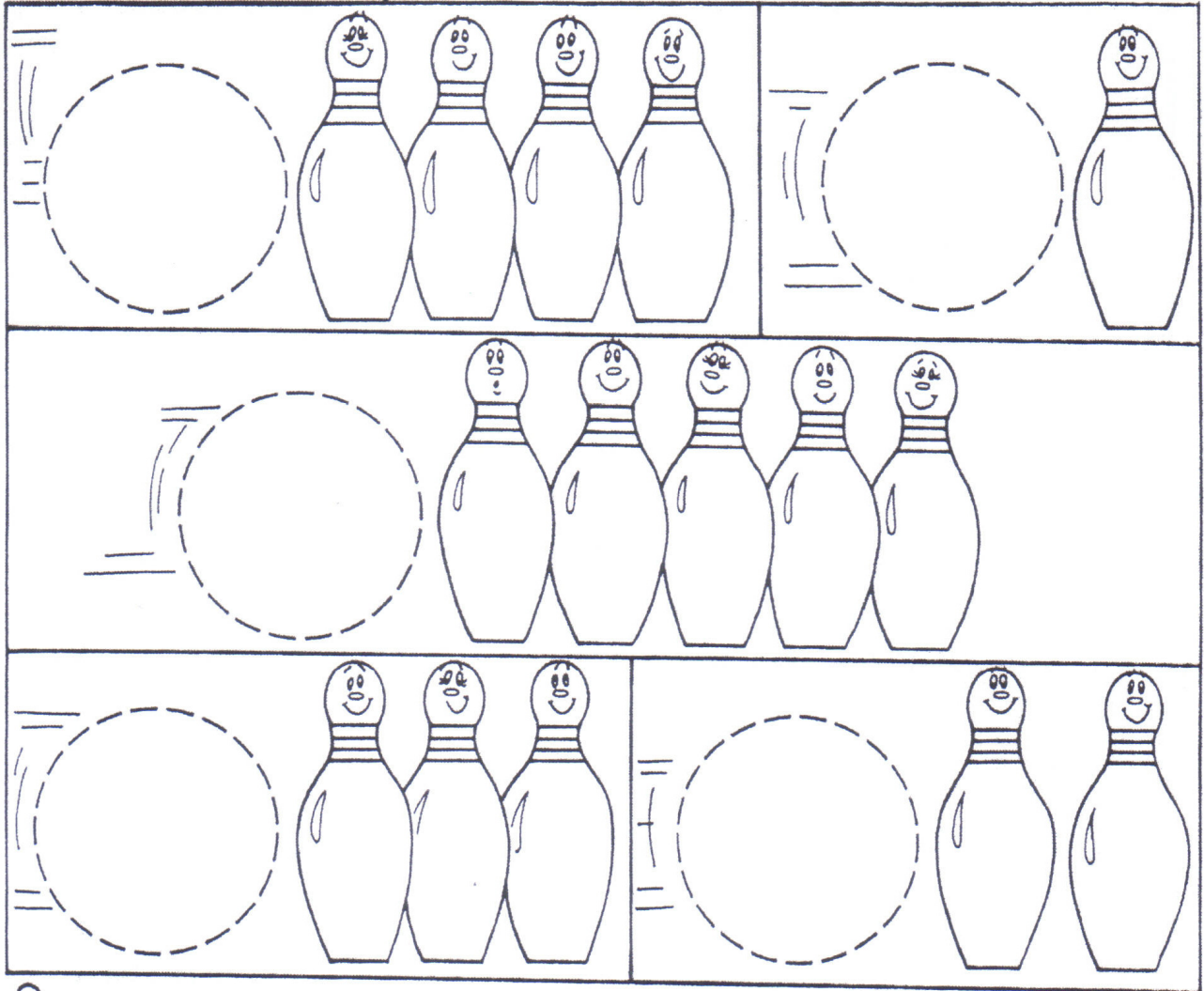
L1B 部首練習 Radical practice

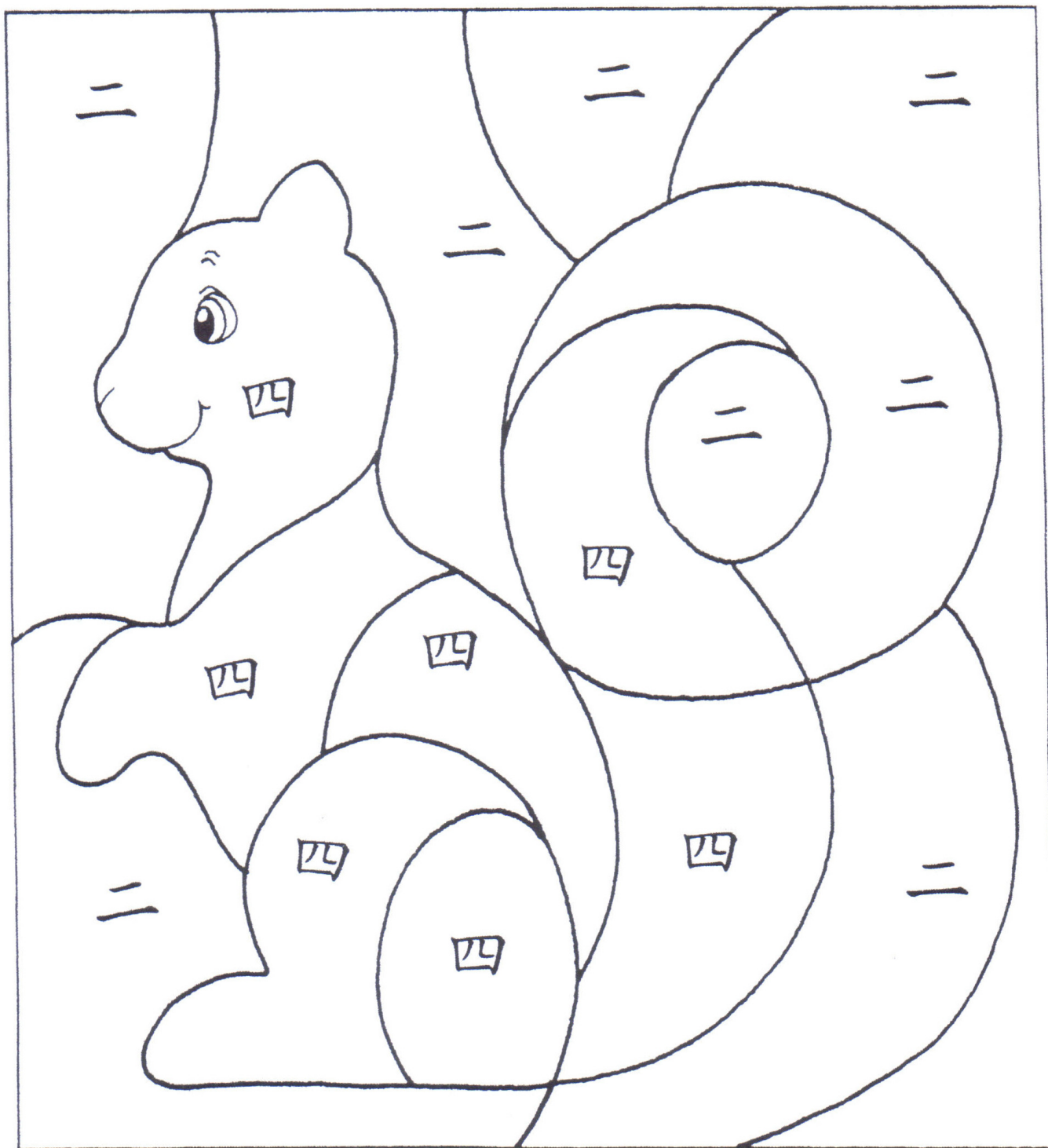
L1C 部首練習 Radical practice

Cut out the bowling balls below. Paste each bowling ball next to the matching number of pins.



Color 四 brown (棕色 zong se). Color 二 green (綠色 lu se).

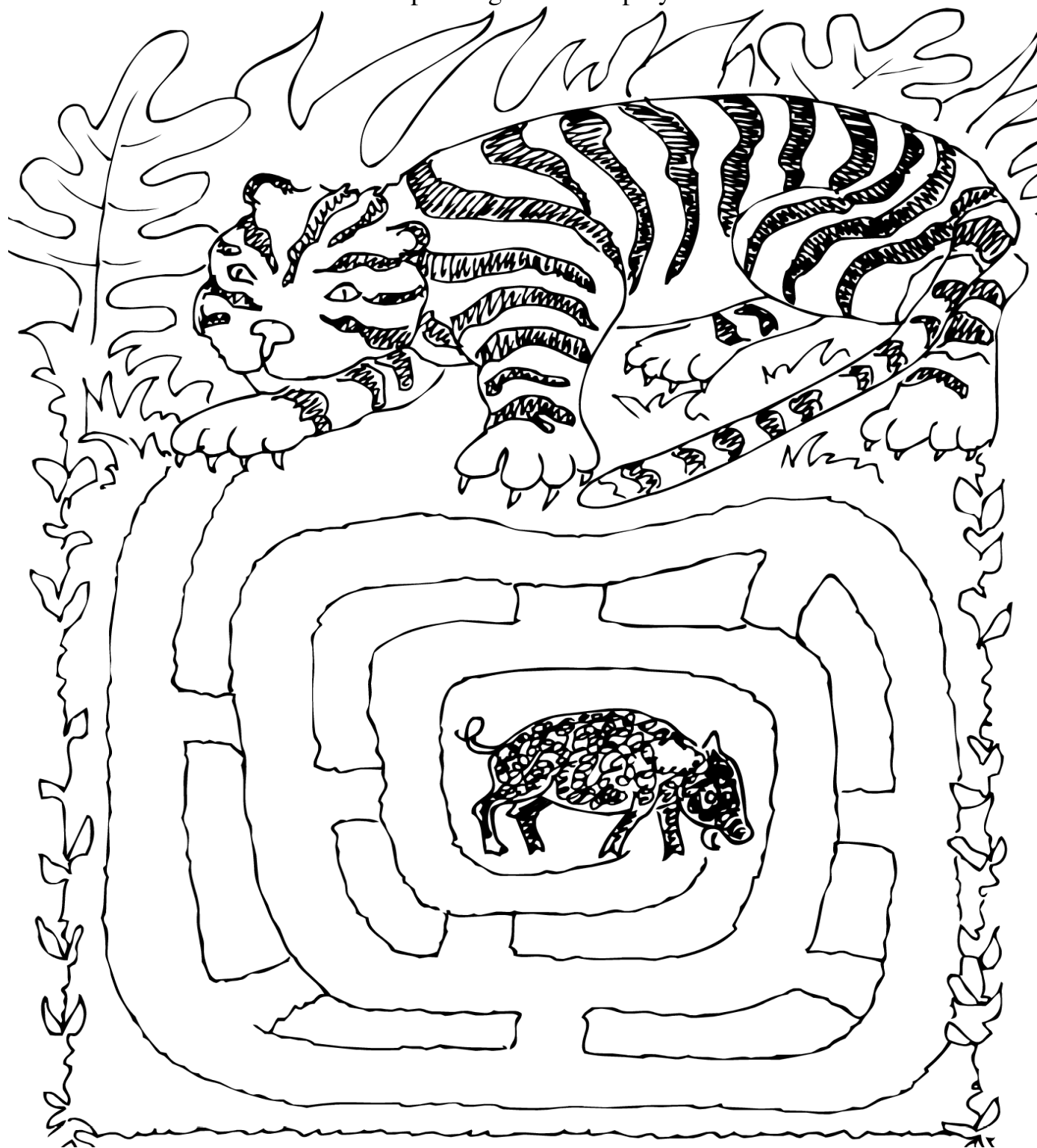


走迷宫[一] Maze-1

Instructions: Trace the path through the maze. (Coloring the jungle's plant 綠色 Green)

You might want to use *a pencil* lightly to solve the maze so you can erase your tracks if you get stuck.

Help the tiger find his prey.



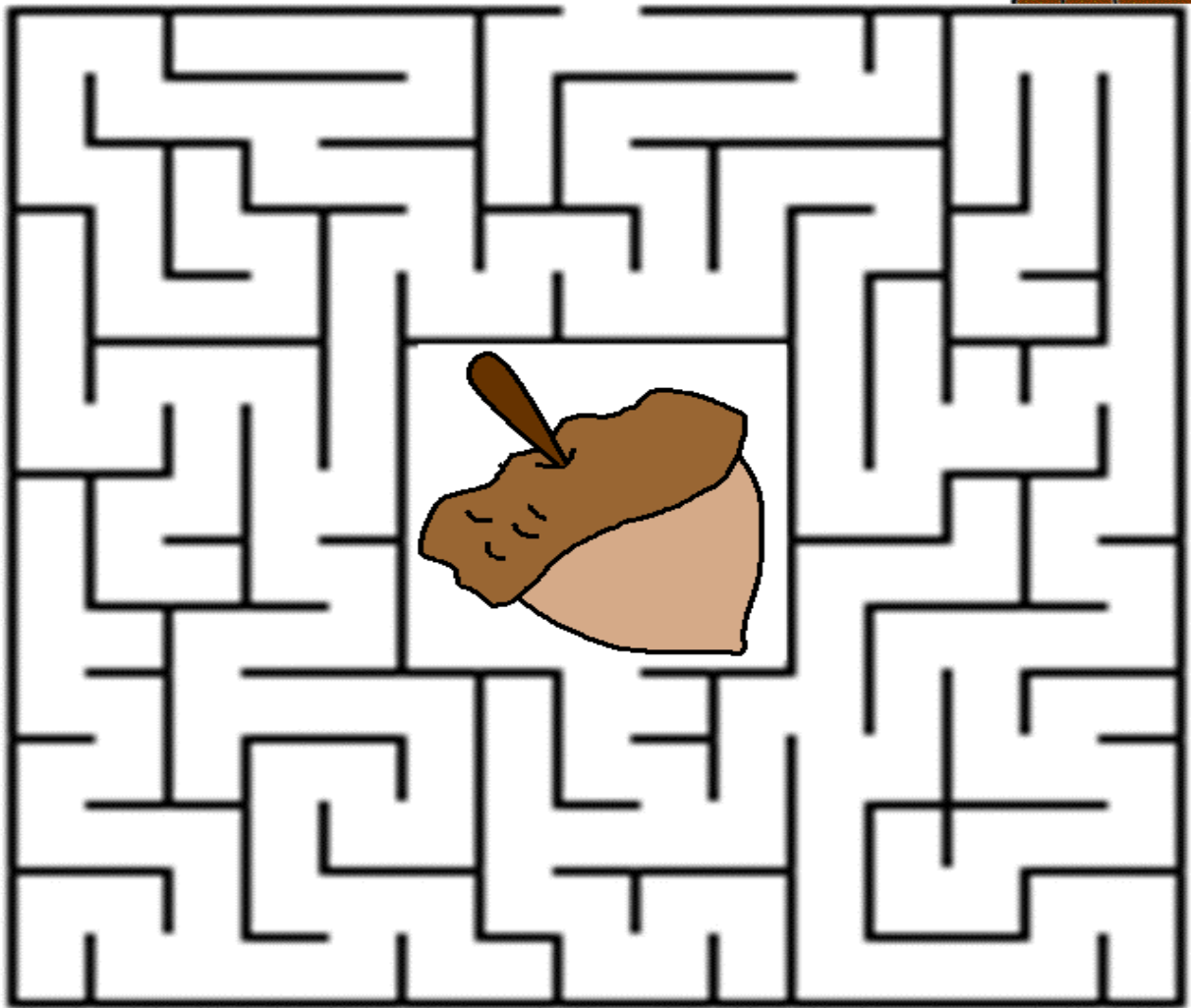
走迷宫[二] Maze-2

Instructions: Trace the path through the maze.

You might want to use *a pencil* lightly to solve the maze so you can erase your tracks if you get stuck.

Autumn Maze

Help the
squirrel find
his acorn.



jǐ bǐ huà
幾筆劃 ? How many strokes are there?

zì 字 Word	上	山	見	有
bǐ huà 筆劃 Strokes				

xiāng fǎn cí
相反詞 Opposite word

zì 字 word	bái tù shàng shān 白兔[上]山	bái tù xià shān 白兔[下]山
huà tú 畫圖 Draw a picture		

huà quān zài yǒu shàng huà chā zài méi yǒu shàng
畫圈 O 在[有]上，畫叉 X 在[沒有]上

Circle the one that has something in it. Mark an X on the one that has nothing.

